

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

**This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:**

### **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

Claim 1 (canceled).

2. (original): A multicolor image-forming material comprising:
- an image-receiving sheet having an image-receiving layer and a support; and
- at least four thermal transfer sheets each including a support, a light-to-heat converting layer and an image-forming layer, in which each of the thermal transfer sheets has a different color,
- wherein a multicolor image is formed by: superposing the image-forming layer in each of the at least four thermal transfer sheets on the image-receiving layer in the image-receiving sheet, in which the image-forming layer is opposed to the image-receiving layer; irradiating the image-forming layer in each of the at least four thermal transfer sheets with a laser beam; and transferring the irradiated area of the image-forming layer onto the image-receiving layer in the image-receiving sheet to form a image, and
- the dynamic frictional force between an image-receiving surface on the image-receiving sheet and a back surface on the opposite side thereof is 30 gf to 120 gf.

3. (original): The multicolor image-forming material according to claim 2, wherein the dynamic frictional force is 50 gf to 80 gf.

Claims 4-16 (canceled).

17. (original): A method for forming a multicolor image, which comprises:

preparing: an image-receiving sheet having an image-receiving layer and a support; and  
at least four thermal transfer sheets each including a support, a light-to-heat converting layer and  
an image-forming layer, in which the at least four thermal transfer sheets have at least four colors  
including yellow, magenta, cyan and black, and each of the at least four thermal transfer sheets  
has a different color, and the dynamic frictional force between an image-receiving surface on the  
image receiving sheet and a back surface on the opposite side thereof is 30 gf to 120 gf;

superposing the image-forming layer in each of the at least four thermal transfer sheets on  
the image-receiving layer in the image-receiving sheet, in which the image-forming layer is  
opposed to the image-receiving layer;

irradiating the image-forming layer in each of the at least four thermal transfer sheets  
from the side of the support with a laser beam; and

transferring the irradiated area of the image-forming layer onto the image-receiving layer  
in the image-receiving sheet to form a image.